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Address to:

Box Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Attorney's Docket No. SANF-23200 USA
[35456]
First Named Inventor SHLOMO KIPNIS

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL
(under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

SIR:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application entitled:
REMOTE ADMINISTRATION OF SMART CARDS FOR SECURE ACCESS SYSTEMS

CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.10

I hereby certify that this New Application and the documents referred to as enclosed herein are being deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date October 8, 1999, in an envelope bearing "Express Mail Post Office To Addressee" Mailing Label Number EL059098282US addressed to: Box Patent Application, Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

Elizabeth A. Reicker

(Name of person mailing paper)

(Signature)

Enclosed are:

1. ☒ Transmittal Form (two copies required)
2. The papers required for filing date under CFR § 1.53(b):
 - i. 30 Pages of specification (including claims and abstract);
 - ii. 6 Sheets of drawings.
☒ formal ☐ informal
3. Declaration or oath
 - a. ☒ Unsigned
4. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix, see 37 CFR 1.96)
6. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
 - i. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
 - ii. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
 - iii. ☐ Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(g), the undersigned has reviewed the paper copy and the computer readable copy of the Sequence Listing and determined the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written Sequence Listing.

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

6. ☐ An assignment of the invention to NDS LIMITED is attached (including Form PTO-1595).
- i. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee)
7. ☒ Power of Attorney (Unsigned)
8. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) is enclosed, including a PTO-1449 and copies of ☐ references.
9. ☐ Preliminary Amendment.
10. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503 -- should be specifically itemized)
11. ☐ Other

12. FOREIGN PRIORITY

[X] Priority of application no. 126552 filed on 13 October 1998 in Israel is claimed under 35 USC 119.

The certified copy of the priority application:

- ☐ is filed herewith; or
☐ has been filed in prior application no. filed on , or
☒ will be provided.

— English Translation Document (if applicable)

13. FEE CALCULATION

- a. Amendment changing number of claims or deleting multiple dependencies is enclosed.

CLAIMS AS FILED

	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate	Basic Fee (\$760)
Total Claims	34 - 20	* 14	x \$18.00	252
Independent Claims	6 - 3	* 3	x \$78.00	234
___ Multiple dependent claim(s), if any			\$260.00	0

*If less than zero, enter "0".

Filing Fee Calculation \$1246

50% Filing Fee Reduction (if applicable) \$

14. Small Entity Status

- a. ☐ A small entity statement is enclosed.
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ is no longer claimed.

15. Other Fees

- | | | |
|---|--|----|
| — | Recording Assignment [\$40.00] | \$ |
| — | Other fees | |
| | Specify _____ | \$ |

Total Fees Enclosed \$1246

16. Payment of Fees

- X Check(s) in the amount of \$ 1246 enclosed.
 ___ Charge Account No. 12-1420 in the amount of \$ ____.
A duplicate of this transmittal is attached.

17. All correspondence regarding this application should be forwarded to the undersigned attorney:

Joel G. Ackerman
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18. Authorization to Charge Additional Fees

- X The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees (or credit any overpayment) associated with this communication and which may be required under 37 CFR § 1.16 or § 1.17 to Account No. 12-1420. **A duplicate of this transmittal is attached.**

LIMBACH & LIMBACH L.L.P.

October 8, 1999
(Date)

Attorney Docket No. SANF-23200 USA
[35456]

By: Joel G. Ackerman
Registration No. 24,307
Attorney(s) or Agent(s) of Record

REMOTE ADMINISTRATION OF SMART CARDS FOR
SECURE ACCESS SYSTEMS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally relates to remote administration of smart cards via communication networks, and more particularly to administration of smart cards in securely accessed information resources and communication networks, such as the Internet, a local-area-network (LAN), a wide-area-network (WAN), and a metropolitan-area-network (MAN).

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The increasing ability to access sensitive data remotely via networks increases risks of security breaches. In public open networks, such as the Internet, communication is susceptible to many types of security attacks, such as impersonation, session hijacking and virus attacks. In private internal networks, also known as intranets, organizations are susceptible to security breaches from inside the organizations as well as from the outside world.

Today, security solutions include tools such as firewalls which control access to a network by checking addresses of sources and targets in a communication session. However, firewalls do not deal with features such as user identity, access rights of a user, user and server authentication, data integrity, secure access to data and to specific applications, non-repudiation (i.e., inability to cancel a transaction after it is performed), session privacy and user accountability.

US Patents 5,282,249 and 5,481,609 to Cohen et al describe a system for controlling access to broadcast transmissions including a transmitter having a transmission encoder for scrambling the broadcast, a multiplicity of subscriber receivers, each having an identical receiving decoder, containing no cryptographic keys, for descrambling the broadcast and a plurality of selectable and portable executing apparatus each being operatively associatable with a receiving decoder at a partially different given time and each executing generally identical operations to generate a seed for use by the associated receiving decoder to enable the receiving decoder to descramble the broadcast.

US Patent 5,666,412 to Handelman et al describes a CATV system including a CATV network and apparatus for transmitting over the CATV network information to a multiplicity of subscriber units, each including a CATV decoder and an IC card reader and writer coupled to the CATV decoder, the IC card reader and writer including two separate card receptacles, such that IC cards inserted into the two separate IC card receptacles are separately accessed by the IC card reader and writer.

US Patent 5,774,546 to Handelman et al describes one IC card with two separate integrated circuits embodied within, wherein each of the separate integrated circuits is separately accessible by an IC card reader and writer.

US Patent 4,405,829 to Rivest et al describes the RSA public-key encryption and digital signature challenge-response scheme.

US Patent 4,748,668 to Shamir et al describes the Fiat-Shamir identification and authentication scheme.

US Patent 4,709,136 to Watanabe describes an IC card reader/writer apparatus which includes at least two contactors in which IC cards are inserted, respectively, card detecting means for detecting that at least two IC cards have been loaded, and collating means verifying that correct cipher codes of the two IC cards coincide with those inputted externally; respectively, wherein access to the contents stored in the IC cards is allowed only when the collation results in coincidence.

US Patent 4,594,663 to Nagata et al describes a credit transaction processing system which processes data related to a commodity entered into by using a card owned by a customer and a recording card owned by a store.

US Patent 5,010,571 to Katznelson describes a system for controlling and accounting for retrieval of data from a CD-ROM memory containing encrypted data files from which retrieval must be authorized.

The following references describe some aspects of related technology:

US Patent 4,159,417 to Rubincam;

US Patent 4,160,242 to Fowler et al;

US Patent 4,290,062 to Marti et al;

US Patent 4,350,070 to Bahu;
 US Patent 4,589,659 to Yokoi et al;
 US Patent 4,639,225 to Washizuka;
 US Patent 4,680,459 to Drexler;
 US Patent 4,740,912 to Whitaker;
 US Patent 4,855,725 to Fernandez;
 US Patent 4,917,292 to Drexler;
 US Patent 4,937,821 to Boulton;
 US Patent 4,985,697 to Boulton;
 US Patent 5,113,178 to Yasuda et al;
 US Patent 5,167,508 to McTaggart;
 US Patent 5,239,665 to Tsuchiya;
 US Patent 5,285,496 to Frank et al;
 US Patent 5,339,091 to Yamazaki et al;
 US Patent 5,371,493 to Sharpe et al;
 US Patent 5,413,486 to Burrows et al;
 US Patent 5,438,344 to Oliva;
 US Patent 5,466,158 to Smith III;
 US Patent 5,469,506 to Berson et al;
 US Patent 5,484,292 to McTaggart;
 US Patent 5,533,124 to Smith et al;
 US Patent 5,534,888 to Lebby et al;
 US Patent 5,555,446 to Jasinski;
 US Patent 5,625,404 to Grady et al;
 US Patent 5,630,103 to Smith et al;
 US Patent 5,661,635 to Huffman et al;
 US Patent 5,663,748 to Huffman et al;
 US Patent 5,689,648 to Diaz et al;
 US Patent 5,697,793 to Huffman et al;
 European Patent Application 0 683 613 A2, assigned to AT&T

Corporation; and

established, and preferably, immediately after communication with the proxy administrator is established.

The administrating step may preferably include performing an administration initialization procedure to at least one of authenticate, verify and validate the at least one smart card.

Additionally, the method also includes the step of preventing performance of any operation other than the administration initialization procedure until the administration initialization procedure is verified to be in order.

The step of employing the administrator identification information to identify the remote administrator preferably includes the step of identifying the at least one smart card in a smart card data base at the remote administrator.

Additionally, the method also includes the step of accessing a protected information resource by the at least one smart card via the remote administrator associated therewith. The accessing step preferably includes the step of performing at least one administration operation.

Preferably, the at least one administration operation includes at least one of the following: transmission of a certificate, transmission of credentials, transmission of a key, renewal of the at least one smart card, expiration date updating, renewal of an authorization to the at least one smart card, validity check of data in the at least one smart card, integrity check of data in the at least one smart card, memory load/check, revocation of at least one of an authorization, a certificate and a smart card, execution of a "KILL CARD" process after a verification of a need to prevent operation of the at least one smart card, data load, and transmission of smart card chaining information.

Preferably, the accessing step includes the step of performing security mechanisms for accessing the protected information resource by the at least one smart card. The security mechanisms preferably include at least one of the following: unilateral or bilateral authentication, time stamping, non-repudiation, digital signatures, distribution of an encryption key, change of an encryption key, encryption, and password authorization.

Preferably, each operation performed during the accessing step by at least one of the remote administrator and the at least one smart card is performed only upon receipt of an "END ADMINISTRATION OPERATION" instruction at a corresponding one of the at least one of the remote administrator and the at least one smart card.

The remote administrator may preferably include a plurality of administrators, each operative to perform at least part of the step of accessing the protected information resource and/or at least part of the administration initialization procedure.

There is also provided in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention a secure access method for use with a communication network which communicates information between an information resource controller and a remote unit, the method including identifying, at the remote unit, a command to upload data, employing, in response to the command, a hash function at the remote unit to encode contents of at least a portion of a memory at the remote unit and thereby to produce a hashed result, transmitting the hashed result to the information resource controller, comparing, at the information resource controller, the hashed result with a trusted hashed result maintained at the information resource controller thereby to provide a comparison result, and determining integrity of the contents of the at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit based, at least in part, on the comparison result.

Preferably, the determining step includes the step of transmitting repairing information to the remote unit to correct the contents of the at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit if the comparison result is unfavorable.

The command is preferably generated at the remote unit periodically. Preferably, the command is transmitted from the information resource controller to the remote unit periodically. Alternatively, the command is generated at the remote unit following a communication failure event. Yet alternatively, the command is transmitted from the information resource controller to the remote unit following a communication failure event.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention there is provided a method for remote administration of a first smart card and a second smart card via a communication network, the method including associating the first smart card and the second smart card with a remote administrator, and transmitting authorization information from the first smart card to the second smart card via the remote administrator and the communication network.

Preferably, the authorization information includes at least one of the following: administrator identification information, authorization to perform a transaction, an electronic-mail message stored in the first smart card, and billing history information.

In any of the above mentioned methods, the communication network preferably includes at least one of the following: a local-area-network (LAN), a metropolitan-area-network (MAN), and a wide-area-network (WAN). The communication network may include at least one of the following networks: the Internet, CompuServe, and America-On-Line.

There is also provided in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention a remote administrator for administering at least one smart card via a communication network, the remote administrator including a processor, the processor including an access control module operative to control access to a protected information resource, and a data base module operative to map the at least one smart card to an access control list.

Additionally, the remote administrator also includes a memory operative to store a log of the communication network activity. The remote administrator may also include communication apparatus for transmitting authorization information from a first smart card associated with the remote administrator to a second smart card associated with the remote administrator via the communication network.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention there is also provided a system for remote administration of at least one smart card via a communication network, the system including a remote administrator having administrator identification information, at least one user unit, and at least one

smart card associated with the remote administrator by storing in the at least one smart card the administrator identification information of the remote administrator, wherein the at least one smart card inserted in the at least one user unit is operative to employ the administrator identification information to identify the remote administrator associated with the at least one smart card, and to establish communication via the communication network between the at least one smart card and the remote administrator in accordance with the administrator identification information.

There is also provided in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention a system for providing secure access in a communication network including a remote unit operative to identify a command to upload data, and to employ, in response to the command, a hash function to encode contents of at least a portion of a memory associated with the remote unit thereby to produce a hashed result, and an information resource controller operatively associated with the remote unit and operative to receive, from the remote unit, the hashed result, to compare the hashed result with a trusted hashed result maintained at the information resource controller thereby to provide a comparison result, and to determine integrity of the contents of the at least a portion of the memory based, at least in part, on the comparison result.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will be understood and appreciated more fully from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the drawings in which:

Fig. 1 is a simplified block diagram illustration of a preferred implementation of a system for providing secure access to information resources associated with communication networks, the system being constructed and operative in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a simplified block diagram illustration of a preferred implementation of a remote administrator in the system of Fig. 1;

Figs. 3A and 3B together constitute a simplified flow chart illustration of a preferred method of operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2;

Fig. 4 is a simplified flow chart illustration of another preferred method of operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2; and

Fig. 5 is a simplified flow chart illustration of still another preferred method of operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF A PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Reference is now made to Fig. 1 which is a simplified block diagram illustration of a preferred implementation of a system 10 which is operative to provide secure access to information resources associated with communication networks, the system 10 being constructed and operative in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Preferably, the system 10 includes a plurality of user units 15 which may communicate with a protected information resource 20 via a communication network 25 and a secure access (SA) server 30. Alternatively, the user units 15 may communicate only with the SA server 30 via the communication network 25. Further alternatively, the protected information resource 20 may be embodied in the SA server 30.

The communication network 25 may preferably include at least one of the following configurations: a local-area-network (LAN); a metropolitan-area-network (MAN); and a wide-area-network (WAN). Networks operating in such configurations may include, for example, intranets as well as the Internet, CompuServe, and America-On-Line.

The protected information resource 20 may preferably include at least one source of information to be protected, such as an intranet or a corporate LAN, a database, a hard disk and a server. The protected information resource 20 is preferably accessed via an information resource controller 35 which is preferably embodied in the SA server 30. It is appreciated that the information resource controller 35 provides an interface which interfaces and operates the protected information resource 20.

Preferably, the information resource controller 35 is controlled by a remote administration system 40, generally referred to as the remote administrator 40, which may be also embodied in the SA server 30. The remote administrator 40 preferably administrates the plurality of user units 15 and controls access by the user units 15 to the protected information resource 20. It is appreciated that the

remote administrator 40 may be associated with conventional security means, such as firewalls, to prevent unauthorized entries to the system 10.

Preferably, each user unit 15 may include a smart card reader 45 which is associated with a removable smart card 50. Alternatively, the smart card reader 45 may be replaced by a card interface (not shown), and the smart card 50 may be replaced by any conventional security chip associated with a removable unit (not shown) which may be accessed by the card interface.

Preferably, the smart card reader 45 is operative to read data from and write data to the smart card 50. It is appreciated that the remote administrator 40 may also administrate the smart cards 50 via the smart card readers 45.

Preferably, the system 10 may also include a local administrator 55 which may be determined by the remote administrator 40 as a proxy administrator for administrating at least one of the smart cards 50. The local administrator 55 may be operatively associated with the information resource controller 35 either directly or via the communication network 25. It is appreciated that the local administrator 55 may be positioned in the communication network 25 in a proximity to at least one of the user units 15 associated with the at least one of the smart cards 50.

It is appreciated that although the system 10 is especially suitable for an open communication network, such as the Internet or an intranet coupled to the Internet, it may be also used in a closed communication network which does not communicate with other networks to provide access to data to users having different security clearances.

Reference is now made to Fig. 2 which is a simplified block diagram illustration of a preferred implementation of the remote administrator 40 in the system 10 of Fig. 1, the remote administrator 40 being constructed and operative in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Preferably, the remote administrator 40 includes a processor 100, and communication apparatus 105 and a memory 110 which are each operatively associated with the processor 100. The processor 100 preferably includes an access control module 115 and a data base module 120 which are operatively associated with the communication apparatus 105 and the memory 110 via a communication

bus 125. Alternatively, the data base module 120 may be embodied in a remote server (not shown) which may serve a plurality of remote administrators 40 and may be accessed by the processor 100. It is appreciated that the data base module 120 may include a local data base which may communicate with a central data base resident in the remote server.

Further alternatively, the data base module 120 may be optional if security algorithms performed by the remote administrator 40 include public-key based software programs.

It is appreciated that the processor 100, the memory 110, and the communication apparatus 105 may be embodied in a single conventional integrated circuit (IC). Alternatively, the communication apparatus 105 may be embodied in a conventional modem (not shown). It is to be appreciated that the remote administrator 40 may be embodied in a conventional server unit (not shown), and may be implemented in software or in hardware, or in a combination thereof.

The operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2 is now briefly described. Preferably, a user operates a user unit 15 and inserts a smart card 50 in a receptacle (not shown) in a smart card reader 45 embodied in the user unit 15. Alternatively, the user may use a contactless smart card, such as an RF (Radio-Frequency) smart card, which communicates with the smart card reader 45 over the air without establishing contact with the smart card reader 45.

Preferably, the user unit 15 establishes communication with the communication network 25. It is appreciated that smart cards that fit slots in smart card readers, contactless smart cards, and smart card readers embodied in user units and suitable for use with smart cards or contactless smart cards are well known in the art.

When the smart card 50 is operated for the first time, the smart card 50 is preferably associated or paired with a remote administrator, for example the remote administrator 40. In such a case, administrator identification information of the remote administrator 40 is stored in the smart card 50 for future use.

If the smart card 50 has already been in use, the smart card 50 employs the administrator identification information already stored in it to search

and identify the remote administrator 40 as the remote administrator which is associated with it. It is appreciated that the administration identification information may be stored in the smart card 50 in advance at a smart card issuer facility or at a smart card production plant before the smart card 50 is provided to the user.

Preferably, the smart card 50 is determined to be associated with the remote administrator 40 if the smart card 50 is identified to be in a smart card data base at the remote administrator 40.

Preferably, once the remote administrator 40 is identified as the remote administrator associated or paired with the smart card 50, communication between the smart card 50 and the remote administrator 40 may be established via the communication network 25 in accordance with the administrator identification information, and the smart card 50 may be immediately administrated by the remote administrator 40. Additionally or alternatively, the smart card 50 may be administrated at an end of a communication session, and before or after performance of a specific operation.

It is appreciated that the communication between the smart card 50 and the remote administrator 40 may be initiated by one of the smart card reader 45, a software program resident in the user unit 15, and the remote administrator 40.

The communication between the smart card 50 and the remote administrator 40 may preferably employ the well known Internet Protocol (IP). Additionally, any other suitable conventional communication protocol may be used, such as the SSL (Secure Socket Layer), and the IPSEC (Internet Protocol Security) which are security protocols running above different levels of the IP.

Administration of the smart card 50 by the remote administrator 40 preferably begins by performing an administration initialization procedure to at least one of authenticate, verify and validate the smart card 50. Preferably, authentication, verification and validation of the smart card 50 may be performed by using well known techniques of challenge-response of either information related to shared secrets or public/private keys, such as the RSA challenge-response scheme, the Fiat-Shamir identification and authentication scheme, and keyed-hash schemes.

The techniques of challenge-response typically employ communication of the information related to the shared secrets or public/private keys between the smart card 50 and the access control module 115 via the communication apparatus 105 and the communication network 25. The access control module 115 preferably performs at least one of authentication, validation and verification of the smart card 50 by comparing information related to one of authentication, validation and verification information received from the smart card 50 with corresponding information provided by the data base module 120 and enabling the smart card 50 to access the protected information resource 20 in response to a favorable comparison result. It is appreciated that the data base module 120 preferably maps the smart card 50 to an access control list.

Alternatively, the access control module 115 may perform at least one of authentication, validation and verification of the smart card 50 by executing a public-key based software program.

If the information related to authentication, verification and validation which is received from the smart card 50 matches information in the access control list in the data base module 120, the smart card 50 may be administrated by the remote administrator 40 and/or may be allowed to access the protected information resource 20 via the information resource controller 35 as the case may be.

It is appreciated that until the administration initialization procedure is verified to be in order, performance of any operation other than the administration initialization procedure is preferably prevented. Preferably, a log of all communication activity related to the authentication, verification and validation of the smart card 50 is stored in the memory 110.

Once the smart card 50 is allowed to access the protected information resource 20, the smart card 50 may access the protected information resource 20 to read data from and/or write data to the protected information resource 20. Alternatively or additionally, the smart card 50 may also access the protected information resource 20 to perform a transaction in which data in the protected information resource 20 may be altered as well as viewed. The term

“transaction” is used throughout the specification and claims to include any operation which alters data in the protected information resource 20 or in the smart card 50. An example of an operation which alters data in the protected information resource 20 or the smart card 50 includes a value related exchange of information or goods, such as extraction of data in exchange of billing tokens or money. Another example of an operation which alters data in the protected memory resource 20 or the smart card 50 includes billing per operation, such as billing per meal taken by an employee in an organization.

It is appreciated that each read operation, write operation and transaction operation performed on data in the protected information resource 20 or the smart card 50 may preferably be associated with at least one administration operation. Preferably, the at least one administration operation includes at least one of the following: transmission, from a certificate issuing authority, a public-key certificate which authorizes a smart card holder; transmission of credentials which provide authorization to perform specific operations; transmission of an encryption key; renewal of the smart card 50 or updating of the expiration date of the smart card 50; renewal of an authorization to the smart card 50 to perform an operation; validity check of data in the smart card 50; integrity check of data in the smart card 50; memory load/check; revocation of an authorization, a certificate or the smart card 50; execution of a “KILL CARD” process after a verification of a need to prevent operation of the smart card 50; data load; and transmission of smart card chaining information which links the smart card 50 to another smart card (not shown), or information of general interest which may be used by the other smart card, such as a list of selected URLs (Uniform Resource Locators).

Preferably, all security mechanisms for accessing the protected information resource 20 for reading, writing and performing a transaction are performed in the smart card 50. The security mechanisms may preferably include at least one of the following: unilateral or bilateral authentication; time stamping; non-repudiation (i.e. inability to cancel a transaction after it is performed); digital signatures; distribution of an encryption key; change of an encryption key; encryption; and password authorization.

It is appreciated that each operation is performed, either by the smart card 50 or the remote administrator 40, only upon receipt of an "END ADMINISTRATION OPERATION" instruction at a corresponding one of the smart card 50 and the remote administrator 40. Operations requiring the "END ADMINISTRATION OPERATION" instruction typically include any operation performed on the data in the protected information resource 20 or in the smart card 50, any administration operation and any operation performed as part of the security mechanism.

It is appreciated that the remote administrator 40 may include a plurality of administrators, each operative to perform at least part of an accessing task to access the protected information resource and/or at least part of the administration initialization procedure.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention the remote administrator 40 may transfer rights and authorization to administrate smart cards to the local administrator 55. It is appreciated that such an option may be suitable in a case that the user travels to a distant location and administration by the remote administrator 40 is inconvenient. In such a case, if the local administrator 55 is identified to be in the proximity of the user, the local administrator 55 may be determined as a proxy administrator for administrating the smart card 50. It is appreciated that determination of the local administrator 55 as the proxy administrator for administrating the smart card 50 may be performed by transmitting at least authorization information from the remote administrator 40 to the local administrator 55 via the communication apparatus 105 and the communication network 25. Preferably, the smart card 50 is administrated by the local administrator 55 functioning as a proxy administrator immediately after communication with the local administrator 55 is established.

Preferably, the remote administrator 40 may be also used to transfer authorizations and rights between smart cards. In such a case, a first smart card and a second smart card may be each associated with the remote administrator 40 via the communication network 25. Then, authorization information may be transmitted from the first smart card to the second smart card via the

communication apparatus 105 and the communication network 25. The authorization information preferably includes at least one of the following: administrator identification information; authorization to perform a transaction; an electronic-mail message stored in the first smart card; data; billing history information; a token; and a stored configuration.

Reference is now made to Figs. 3A and 3B which together constitute a simplified flow chart illustration of a preferred method of operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2.

Preferably, a user operates a user unit and inserts a smart card in a smart card receptacle in the user unit. Then, the user establishes communication with a communication network via the user unit.

If administrator identification information is not stored in the smart card, then the smart card is considered to be used for the first time, and a message indicating that the smart card is used for the first time is displayed to the user. In response to the message, the user preferably enters a request to associate the smart card to a remote administrator and the smart card is associated with a remote administrator by storing administrator identification information of the remote administrator in the smart card.

If the smart card has already been in use and administrator identification information is stored in the smart card, the administrator identification information which is already stored in the smart card is employed to identify a remote administrator associated or paired with the smart card. It is appreciated that identification of the remote administrator with which the smart card is associated may also require input of user identification information, such as a PIN (Personal Identification Number), by the user.

Preferably, once the remote administrator associated with the smart card is identified, communication between the smart card and the remote administrator is established via the communication network in accordance with the administrator identification information, and an administration initialization procedure is preferably performed. It is appreciated that the administration

initialization procedure is preferably transparent to the user except for a demand to enter a PIN which may be applicable in certain cases.

If the administration initialization procedure is terminated by determining that the smart card is at least one of authenticated, validated and verified, the user is granted access to a protected information resource via the communication network. If the smart card is not one of authenticated, validated or verified, a message indicating that the user is not entitled to access the protected information resource is generated and optionally displayed to the user.

Reference is now made to Fig. 4 which is a simplified flow chart illustration of another preferred method of operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2.

Preferably, communication between a remote unit and an information resource controller which interfaces and accesses an information resource is established via a communication network. At the remote unit, a command to upload data is preferably identified. In response to the command, a hash function at the remote unit is employed to encode contents of at least a portion of a memory at the remote unit and thereby to produce a hashed result. It is appreciated that the memory at the remote unit may include a memory in a smart card.

Preferably, the hashed result is transmitted to the information resource controller. At the information resource controller, the hashed result is preferably compared with a trusted hashed result maintained at the information resource controller thereby to provide a comparison result. Preferably, if the comparison result is favorable, integrity of the contents of the at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit is determined.

If the comparison result is unfavorable, the information resource controller may preferably transmit repairing information to the remote unit to correct the contents of the at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit, and then the contents of the at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit may be checked by again generating a command to upload data as mentioned above and proceeding accordingly.

It is appreciated that if after using the repairing information the hashed result still does not match the trusted hashed result, the smart card may be revoked, all authorizations to the smart card may be canceled, and a message indicating the smart card is revoked may be generated.

Alternatively, if the comparison result is unfavorable, the information resource controller may directly revoke the smart card and cancel authorizations to the smart card without transmitting repairing information.

The command to upload data may preferably be generated at the remote unit periodically or following a communication failure event. Alternatively, the command may be transmitted from the information resource controller to the remote unit periodically or following a communication failure event.

Reference is now made to Fig. 5 which is a simplified flow chart illustration of still another preferred method of operation of the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2.

Preferably, a first user operates a first user unit and inserts a first smart card in a smart card receptacle in the first user unit. Similarly, a second user operates a second user unit and inserts a second smart card in a smart card receptacle in the second user unit. Preferably, the first user and the second user establish communication with a remote administrator via a communication network and the corresponding first and second user units. Then, the first smart card and the second smart card may be associated with the remote administrator.

Once the first smart card and the second smart card are associated with the remote administrator the first user may enter a command, via the first user unit or a keypad attached to the first smart card, to transmit authorization information from the first smart card to the second smart card via the remote administrator and the communication network. Preferably, the authorization information enables the second user to perform transactions authorized by the first user with a protected information resource via the remote administrator by using the second smart card.

It is appreciated that the second smart card may be used separately from the first smart card and at different times. In such a case, the authorization

information addressed to the second smart card may be stored in the remote administrator until communication is established between the second smart card and the remote administrator, and then the remote administrator may transmit to the second smart card the authorization information addressed to the second smart card.

It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that the present invention is not limited by what has been particularly shown and described herein above. Rather the scope of the present invention includes both combinations and subcombinations of the features described hereinabove as well as modifications and variations thereof which would occur to a person of skill in the art upon reading the foregoing description and which are not in the prior art, and is defined only by the claims which follow.

What is claimed is:

CLAIMS

1. A method for remote administration of at least one smart card via a communication network, the method comprising:
 - associating said at least one smart card with a remote administrator by storing administrator identification information of the remote administrator in said at least one smart card;
 - inserting said at least one smart card in at least one user unit; -
 - employing the administrator identification information stored in said at least one smart card to identify the remote administrator associated with said at least one smart card; and
 - establishing communication between the at least one smart card and the remote administrator via the communication network in accordance with the administrator identification information.
2. A method according to claim 1 and wherein said establishing step is performed via said at least one user unit.
3. A method according to claim 1 and wherein said establishing step comprises employing Internet Protocol (IP) for communication via the communication network.
4. A method according to claim 1 and wherein said establishing step comprises the steps of:
 - identifying a local administrator other than the remote administrator, the local administrator being positioned in the communication network in a proximity to said at least one user unit; and
 - determining the local administrator as a proxy administrator for administrating said at least one smart card by transmitting at least authorization information from the remote administrator to the local administrator.

5. A method according to claim 1 and also comprising the step of administrating said at least one smart card after communication with the remote administrator is established.

6. A method according to claim 5 and wherein said administrating step comprises the step of administrating said at least one smart card immediately after communication with the remote administrator is established.

7. A method according to claim 4 and also comprising the step of administrating said at least one smart card immediately after communication with the proxy administrator is established.

8. A method according to claim 7 and wherein said administrating step comprises the step of administrating said at least one smart card immediately after communication with the proxy administrator is established.

9. A method according to claim 5 and wherein said administrating step comprises performing an administration initialization procedure to at least one of authenticate, verify and validate said at least one smart card.

10. A method according to claim 9 and also comprising the step of preventing performance of any operation other than the administration initialization procedure until said administration initialization procedure is verified to be in order.

11. A method according to claim 1 and wherein said step of employing the administrator identification information to identify the remote administrator comprises the step of identifying the at least one smart card in a smart card data base at the remote administrator.

12. A method according to claim 1 and also comprising the step of accessing a protected information resource by said at least one smart card via the remote administrator associated therewith.

13. A method according to claim 12 and wherein said accessing step comprises performing at least one administration operation.

14. A method according to claim 13 and wherein said at least one administration operation comprises at least one of the following: transmission of a certificate; transmission of credentials; transmission of a key; renewal of said at least one smart card; expiration date updating; renewal of an authorization to said at least one smart card; validity check of data in said at least one smart card; integrity check of data in said at least one smart card; memory load/check; revocation of at least one of an authorization, a certificate and a smart card; execution of a "KILL CARD" process after a verification of a need to prevent operation of said at least one smart card; data load; and transmission of smart card chaining information.

15. A method according to claim 12 and wherein said accessing step comprises the step of performing security mechanisms for accessing the protected information resource by said at least one smart card.

16. A method according to claim 15 and wherein said security mechanisms include at least one of the following: unilateral or bilateral authentication; time stamping; non-repudiation; digital signatures; distribution of an encryption key; change of an encryption key; encryption; and password authorization.

17. A method according to claim 12 and wherein each operation performed during said accessing step by at least one of said remote administrator and said at least one smart card is performed only upon receipt of an "END

ADMINISTRATION OPERATION” instruction at a corresponding one of said at least one of said remote administrator and said at least one smart card.

18. A method according to claim 12 and wherein said remote administrator comprises a plurality of administrators, each operative to perform at least part of said step of accessing the protected information resource and/or at least part of an administration initialization procedure.

19. A method according to claim 1 and wherein said communication network comprises at least one of the following: a local-area-network (LAN); a metropolitan-area-network (MAN); and a wide-area-network (WAN).

20. A secure access method for use with a communication network which communicates information between an information resource controller and a remote unit, the method comprising:

identifying, at the remote unit, a command to upload data;

employing, in response to said command, a hash function at the remote unit to encode contents of at least a portion of a memory at the remote unit and thereby to produce a hashed result;

transmitting the hashed result to the information resource controller;

comparing, at the information resource controller, the hashed result with a trusted hashed result maintained at the information resource controller thereby to provide a comparison result; and

determining integrity of the contents of the at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit based, at least in part, on the comparison result.

21. A method according to claim 20 and wherein said determining step comprises the step of transmitting repairing information to the remote unit to correct the contents of said at least a portion of the memory at the remote unit if the comparison result is unfavorable.

22. A method according to claim 20 and wherein said command is generated at the remote unit periodically.

23. A method according to claim 20 and wherein said command is transmitted from the information resource controller to the remote unit periodically.

24. A method according to claim 20 and wherein said command is generated at the remote unit following a communication failure event.

25. A method according to claim 20 and wherein said command is transmitted from the information resource controller to the remote unit following a communication failure event.

26. A method for remote administration of a first smart card and a second smart card via a communication network, the method comprising:

associating said first smart card and said second smart card with a remote administrator; and

transmitting authorization information from said first smart card to said second smart card via the remote administrator and the communication network.

27. A method according to claim 26 and wherein said authorization information comprises at least one of the following: administrator identification information; authorization to perform a transaction; an electronic-mail message stored in said first smart card; and billing history information.

28. A method according to claim 26 and wherein said communication network comprises at least one of the following: a local-area-network (LAN); a metropolitan-area-network (MAN); and a wide-area-network (WAN).

29. A method according to claim 26 and wherein said communication network comprises at least one of the following networks: the Internet; CompuServe; and America-On-Line.

30. A remote administrator for administrating at least one smart card via a communication network, the remote administrator comprising:

a processor comprising:

an access control module operative to control access to a protected information resource; and

a data base module operative to map said at least one smart card to an access control list.

31. Apparatus according to claim 30 and also comprising:

a memory operative to store a log of the communication network activity.

32. Apparatus according to claim 30 and also comprising:

communication apparatus for transmitting authorization information from a first smart card associated with the remote administrator to a second smart card associated with the remote administrator via the communication network.

33. A system for remote administration of at least one smart card via a communication network, the system comprising:

a remote administrator having administrator identification information;

at least one user unit; and

at least one smart card associated with said remote administrator by storing in the at least one smart card said administrator identification information of the remote administrator, wherein

said at least one smart card inserted in said at least one user unit is operative to employ the administrator identification information to identify the

remote administrator associated with said at least one smart card, and to establish communication via the communication network between the at least one smart card and the remote administrator in accordance with the administrator identification information.

34. A system for providing secure access in a communication network comprising:

a remote unit operative to identify a command to upload data, and to employ, in response to said command, a hash function to encode contents of at least a portion of a memory associated with the remote unit thereby to produce a hashed result; and

an information resource controller operatively associated with said remote unit and operative

to receive, from said remote unit, the hashed result,

to compare the hashed result with a trusted hashed result maintained at the information resource controller thereby to provide a comparison result, and

to determine integrity of the contents of the at least a portion of the memory based, at least in part, on the comparison result.

ABSTRACT

A method for remote administration of at least one smart card via a communication network is described. The method includes the steps of associating the at least one smart card with a remote administrator by storing administrator identification information of the remote administrator in the at least one smart card, inserting the at least one smart card in at least one user unit, employing the administrator identification information stored in the at least one smart card to identify the remote administrator associated with the at least one smart card, and establishing communication between the at least one smart card and the remote administrator via the communication network in accordance with the administrator identification information.

Related apparatus and methods are also described.

FIG. 1

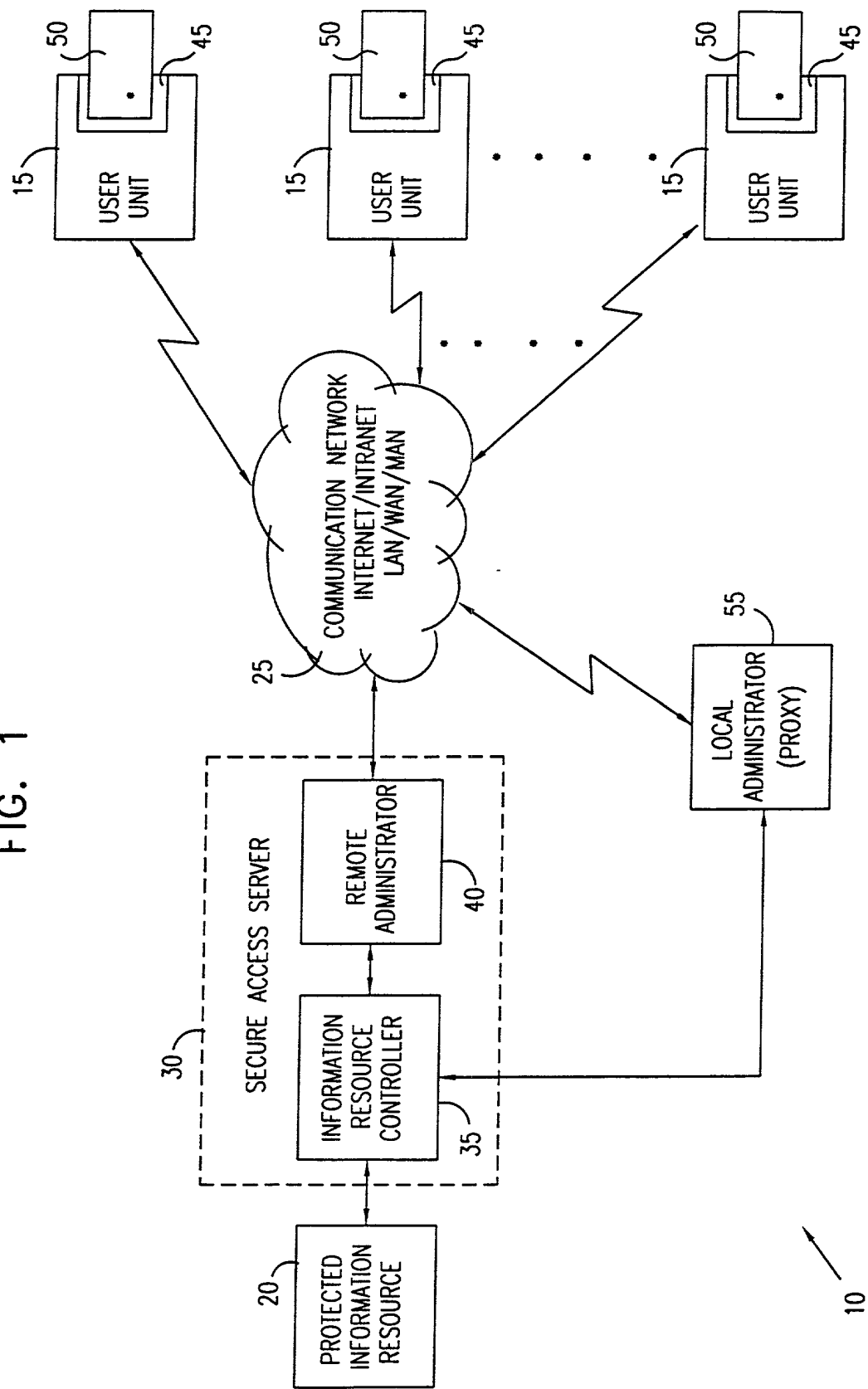
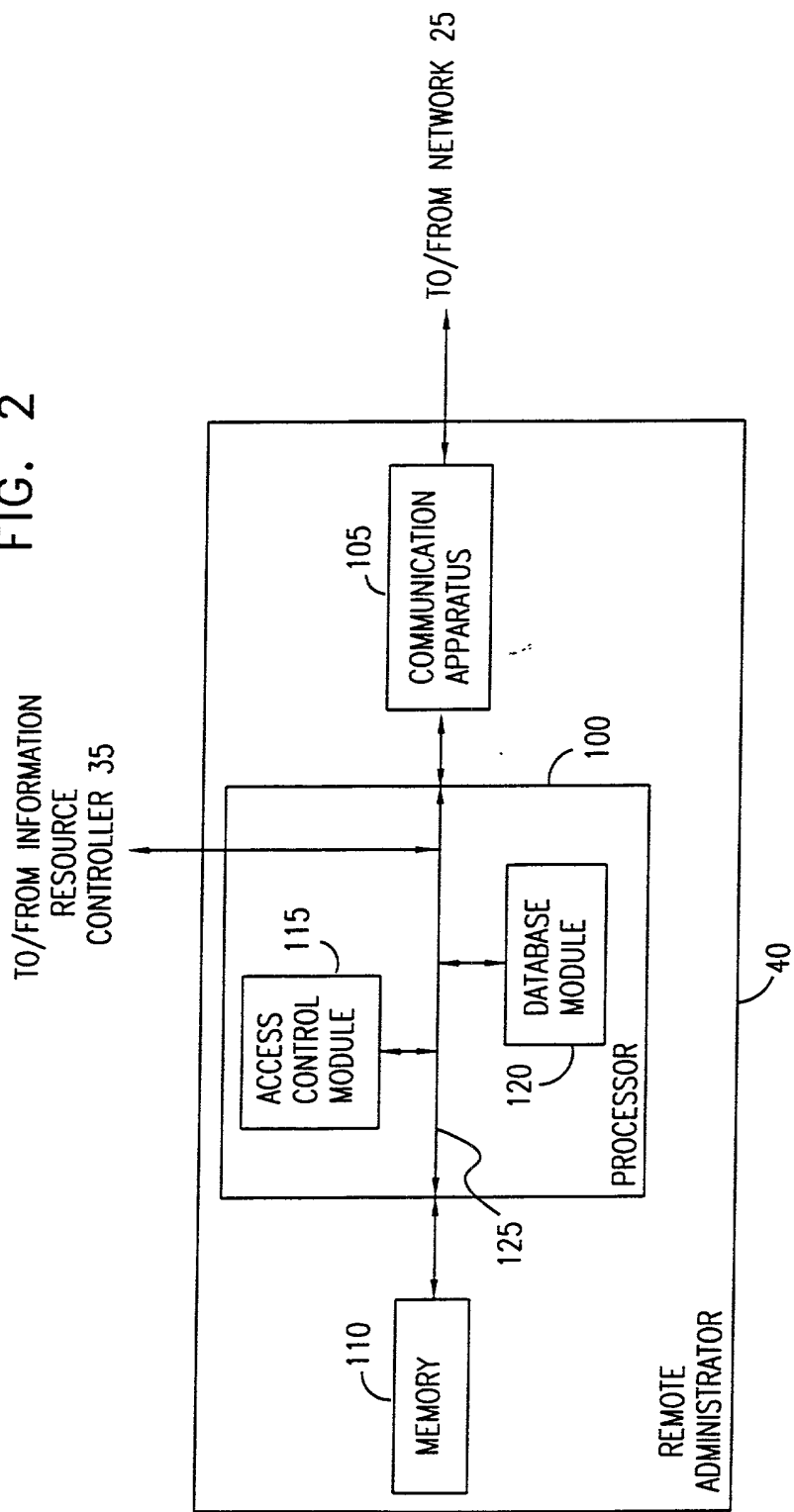


FIG. 2



START

FIG. 3A

A USER OPERATES A USER UNIT AND INSERTS A SMART CARD IN A SMART CARD RECEPTACLE IN THE USER UNIT

THE USER ESTABLISHES COMMUNICATION WITH A COMMUNICATION NETWORK VIA THE USER UNIT

DOES THE SMART CARD INCLUDE ADMINISTRATOR IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION OF A REMOTE ADMINISTRATOR?

YES

ADMINISTRATOR IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION ALREADY STORED IN THE SMART CARD IS EMPLOYED TO IDENTIFY A REMOTE ADMINISTRATOR ASSOCIATED WITH THE SMART CARD

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE SMART CARD AND THE REMOTE ADMINISTRATOR IS ESTABLISHED VIA THE COMMUNICATION NETWORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ADMINISTRATOR IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

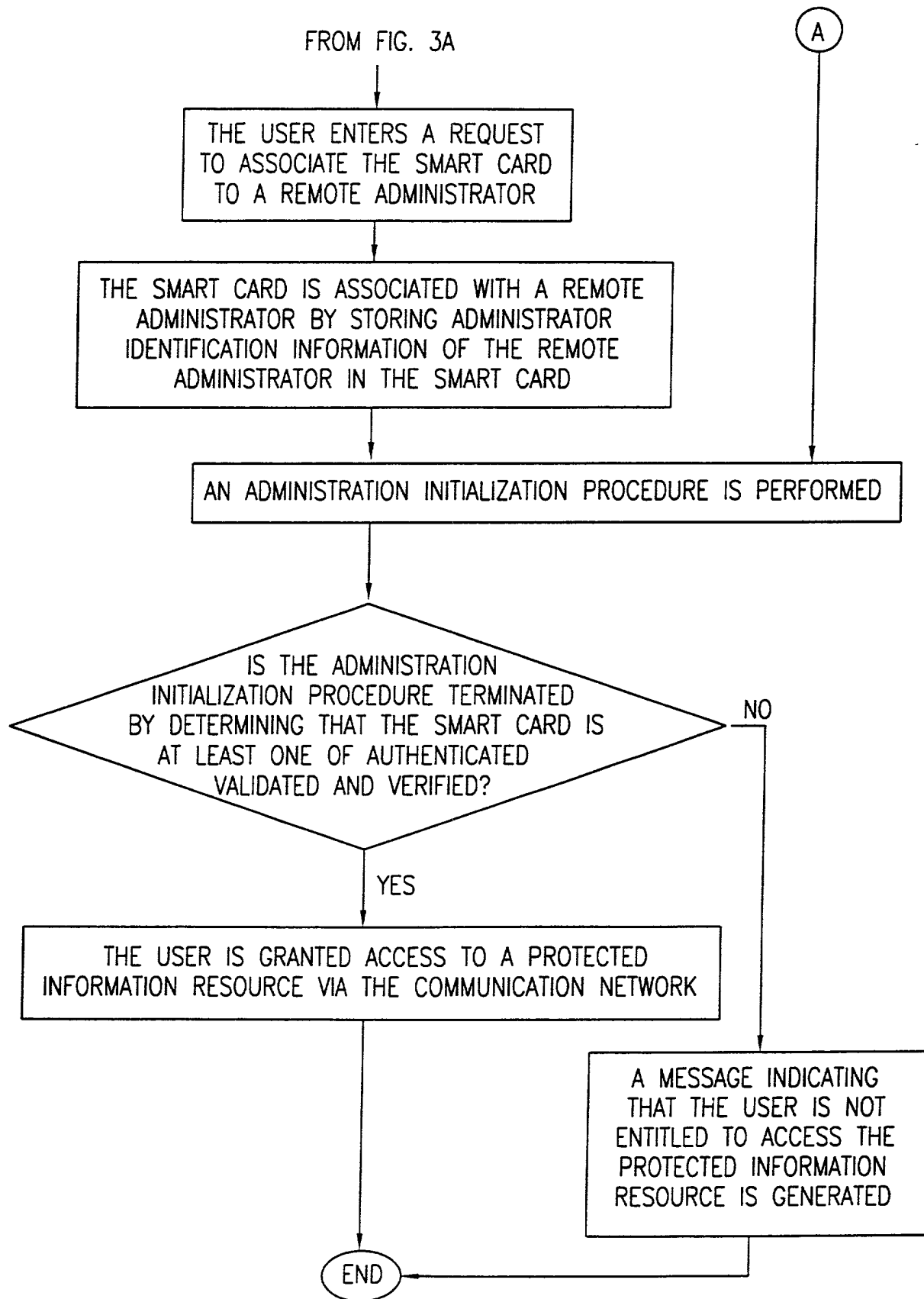
NO

A MESSAGE INDICATING THAT THE SMART CARD IS USED FOR THE FIRST TIME IS DISPLAYED TO THE USER

TO FIG. 3B

A

FIG. 3B



START

FIG. 4

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN A REMOTE UNIT AND AN INFORMATION RESOURCE CONTROLLER WHICH INTERFACES AND ACCESSES AN INFORMATION RESOURCE IS ESTABLISHED VIA A COMMUNICATION NETWORK

COUNT=0

A COMMAND TO UPLOAD DATA IS IDENTIFIED AT A SMART CARD AT THE REMOTE UNIT

A HASH FUNCTION AT THE REMOTE UNIT IS EMPLOYED TO ENCODE CONTENTS OF AT LEAST A PORTION OF A SMART CARD MEMORY AT THE REMOTE UNIT AND THEREBY TO PRODUCE A HASHED RESULT

THE HASHED RESULT IS TRANSMITTED TO THE INFORMATION RESOURCE CONTROLLER

THE HASHED RESULT RECEIVED AT THE INFORMATION RESOURCE CONTROLLER IS COMPARED WITH A TRUSTED HASHED RESULT MAINTAINED AT THE INFORMATION RESOURCE CONTROLLER THEREBY TO PROVIDE A COMPARISON RESULT

IS THE
COMPARISON RESULT
FAVORABLE?

NO

YES

INTEGRITY OF THE CONTENTS OF THE AT LEAST A PORTION OF THE MEMORY AT THE REMOTE UNIT IS DETERMINED

END

REVOKE THE SMART
CARD, AND CANCEL
AUTHORIZATIONS TO
THE SMART CARD

GENERATE A MESSAGE
INDICATING THAT
THE SMART CARD IS
REVOKED

COUNT=
COUNT+1

IS
COUNT
=0?

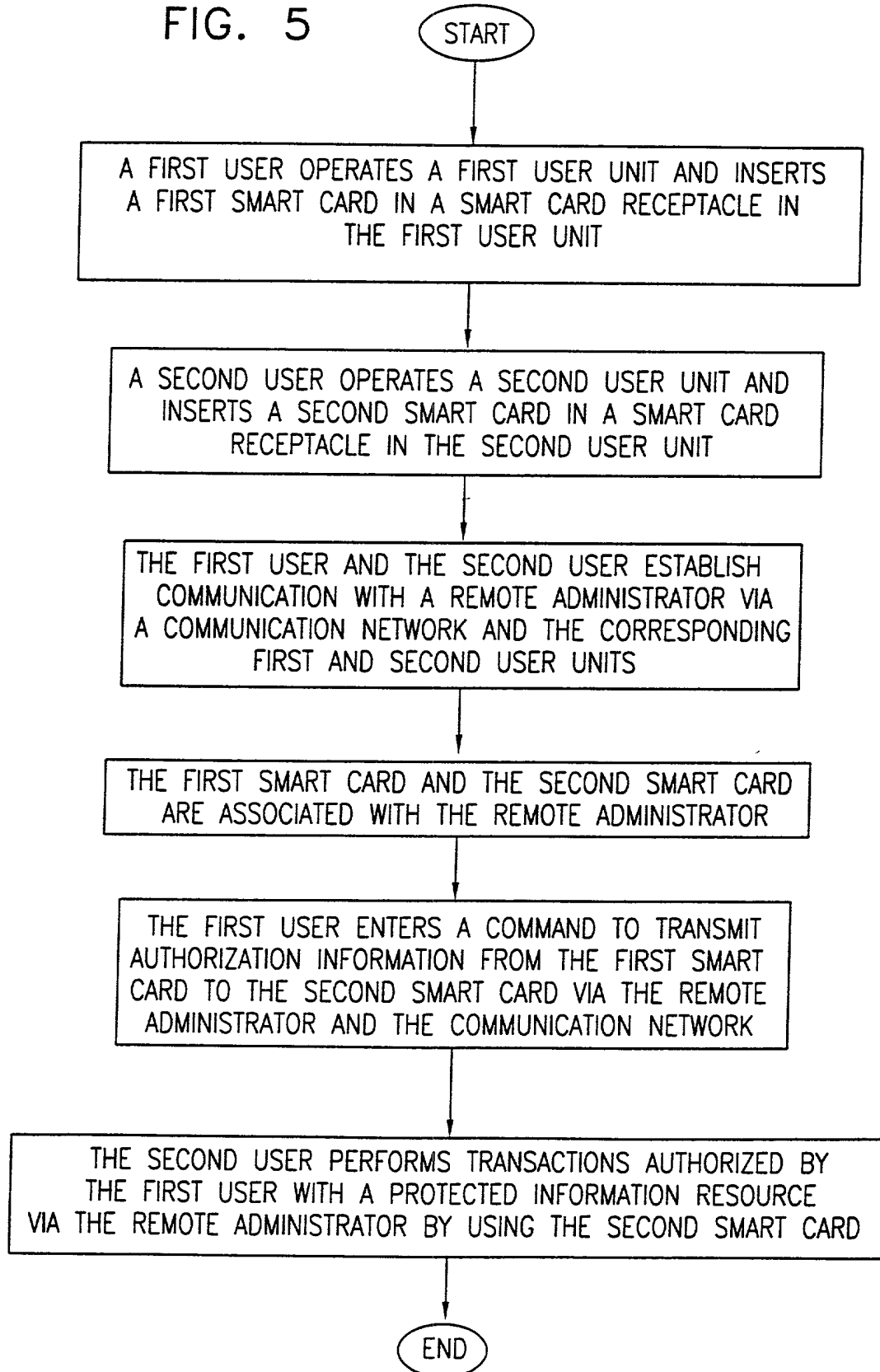
N

Y

THE INFORMATION RESOURCE
CONTROLLER TRANSMITS REPAIRING
INFORMATION TO THE REMOTE UNIT
TO CORRECT THE CONTENTS OF THE AT
LEAST A PORTION OF THE MEMORY AT
THE REMOTE UNIT

668007 295460

FIG. 5



Atty Docket No. SANF-23200 USA [35456]

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

REMOTE ADMINISTRATION OF SMART CARDS FOR SECURE ACCESS SYSTEMS

the specification of which (check one) X is attached hereto or ___ was filed on _____ as Application No. _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed	
			Yes	No
<u>126552</u>	<u>Israel</u>	<u>13 October 1998</u>	<u>X</u>	
Number	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed		
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Number	Country	Day/Month/Year Filed		

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) below.

Application Number	Filing Date
--------------------	-------------

Application Number	Filing Date
--------------------	-------------

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Number	Filing Date	Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned
--------------------	-------------	--------------------------------------

Application Number	Filing Date	Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned
--------------------	-------------	--------------------------------------

I HEREBY APPOINT THE FOLLOWING AS MY ATTORNEYS WITH FULL POWER OF SUBSTITUTION TO PROSECUTE THIS APPLICATION AND TRANSACT ALL BUSINESS IN THE PATENT OFFICE CONNECTED THEREWITH:

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* Recognition under 37 CFR 10.9(b)

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, under 18 U.S.C. § 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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